setting up of 3.0 MMTPA Crude distillation Unit at Gujarat Refinery and Revamp of existing Fee Preparation Unit (FPU) and Fluidised Catalytic Crude Unit (FCCU), along with offsite/utility facilities, at a cost of Rs. 748.38 crores with FE component of Rs. 35.16 crores and Augmentation of Salaya-Viramgam-Koyali Crude Pipeline of existing Salaya-Mathura Pipeline at a cost of Rs. 304.12 crores inclusive of Foreign Exchange component of Rs. 50.08 crores.

The project is expected to be mechanically completed within 36 months from Govt. approval and commissioned within 3 months thereafter.

Nehru Rozgar Yojana

2831. SHRI SUSHIL CHANDRA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the number of beneficiaries under the Nehru Rojgar Yojana in Madhya Pradesh during the last three years and till date;

(b) whether the State Government has provided its share of 40 percent as contribution towards the Yojana;

(c) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor;

(d) the percentage of success achieved under the Nehru Rozgar Yojana; and

(e) the number of people who have received the money under the Yojana but have misused it?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS AND EMPLOYMENT AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU): (a) Under the Scheme of Urban Micro Enterprises (SUME) 89,402 beneficiaries have been assisted to set up micro enterprises, under the Scheme of Urban Wage Employment (SUWE) 11.66 lakhs mandays of work have been generated, whereas under the Scheme of Housing and Shelter Upgradation (SHASU) 2436 beneficiaries have been trained during the last 3 years and till date (upto 30.11.1996).

(b) and (c) Against the total requirement of State Share of Rs. 2843.05 lakhs, the Madhya Pradesh Government has provided its contribution of the order of Rs. 2722.21 lakhs, leaving a shortfall of Rs. 120.84 lakhs.

(d) 100% success has been achieved by the State during the last three years under SUME and SUWE. No progress has been made under SHASU.

(e) No such instance has come to the notice of the Government.

[English]

Regional Research Laboratory

2832. SHRI UDDHAB BARMAN: Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

(a) the names and addresses of the beneficiaries of the technologies developed by Regional Researeh Laboratory, Jorhat, Assam from 1993-94 to 1995-96;

(b) whether any MOUs or notes of understanding have been signed with the beneficiaries to whom the technologies have been transferred; and

(c) if so, the dates of signing the memorandum?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (SHRI YOGINDER K. ALAGH): (a) to (c). The names and addresses of the beneficiaries of the technologies developed and transferred by Regional Research Laboratory, Jorhat during the period 1993-94 to 1995-96 are given in the attached Statement. Agreements, Memoranda/Notes of Understanding have been executed with these parties as indicated in the Statement.

STATEMENT

Beneficiaries of the Technologies developed and transferred by Regional Research Laboratory, Jorhat during the period 1993-94 to 1995-96

Technologies	Names and address of the beneficiary	Date of agreement, Memoranda/Note of Understanding signed
1	2	3
1 VSK Cement Technology 50 TPD	(i) Bijma Cement (P) Ltd., Calcutta	December, 1993
	(ii) Karbi Anglong Chemicals Ltd., Diphu	October, 1993
2 Agrotechnology on Java-Citronella	(i) S. Sema, Dimapur	March, 1993
	(ii) Arun Chitra Distillation Balijan, Arunachal Pradesh	July, 1994

1	2		3
	(iii)	Manipur Agro Industries Corpn Ltd., Imphal, Manipur	October 1994
	(iv)	Pikato Agro Forestry Enterprises, Nagaland	May, 1995
3. Agrotechnology on Mushroom	(i)	Tai Ahom Centre, Namrup	January, 1993
	(ii)	Pranjal Baruah, Jorhat	July 1995
4. 16-DPA from Diosgenin	(i)	Mayo (India) Ltd., Bombay	March, 1994
5. Liquid Deodorant Cleaner	(i)	S M Industries, Jorhat	December 1993
	(ii)	Pinaki Sarkar, Jorhat	November 1994
	(iii)	Arun Chemicals, Arunachal Pradesh, Itanagar	December 1994
6. Boards from Paddy Husk and other cellulosic materials	(i)	Sunrise Board, Jorhat	June 1994

Funds to State Electricity Boards

2833. SHRI NARAYAN ATHAWALAY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the details of schemes under which financial assistance is provided to the State Electricity Boards by the Rural Electrification Corporation;

(b) the details of financial assistance provided to each State Electricity Board by REC during the last three years, year-wise;

(c) the targets fixed and the achievements made under each scheme, and

(d) the details of proposals sent by each State Electricity Board to REC for the financial assistance during the current financial year and the action taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (DR. S. VENUGOPALACHARI): (a) Rural Electrification Corporation (REC) provides financial assistance to State Government/State Electricity Boards for rural electrification projects under four major schemes/programmes namely Normal, Special Project Agriculture (SPA), Minimum Needs Programme (MNP) and System Improvement (SI). The details of the various categories of projects covered under the different schemes/programmes are given in Statement attached.

(b) and (c). Details of the financial assistance provided to each State Electricity Boards/State Government by REC and achievements made under various schemes/programmes against the envisaged targets during the financial year 1993-94, 1994-95 and 1995-96 are given in the attached Statement II, III and IV respectively.

(d) Details with regard to number of projects sent by the various State Electricity Boards/State Government under various schemes/Programmes for the current financial year (upto September, 1996) are given in Statement-V. Action has been initiated by REC for scrutiny and appraisal of these schemes.

STATEMENT-I

Normal

OA (Ordinary Advance)	Mainly for taking up intensive electrification
OB (Ordinary Backward)	Basically for electrification of new villages
OC (Ordinary Cooperative)	For decentralised distribution and better consumer services through Rural Electric Cooperatives
OP (Ordinary pumpsets)	Mainly for energisation of pumpsets
HB (Harijan Bastis)	For electrification of Dalit/Harijan bastis
SPI (Special Project Industries)	Mainly for release of connections in rural areas
SL (Special Loan)	Mainly for improving rural electrification services like establishment of complaint centres, transformer repair workshop etc
SPDGS (Special Project Decentralised Generation and Supply)	For promoting decentralised generation of power